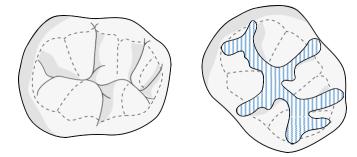
# St Hugh's Dental Care

## **Fissure sealants**



#### What are fissure sealants?

Fissures are grooves usually found in the chewing surface of back teeth. They are difficult to keep clean so there is more risk of decay. Fissures can be sealed with tough plastic to protect them.

The plastic is runny at first but sets hard, like paint. Sealants may be see-through or tooth-coloured. They are normally only used for children and only on permanent teeth, not on milk teeth.

Your dentist will discuss whether your child needs sealants. If they do, you will also have to agree which teeth need to be sealed. The need for sealants will depend on:

- The shape of eachtooth
- · How much a child's teeth have alreadydecayed
- How much decay a brother or sister hashad (because there can be family patterns in tooth decay);
- A child's general health (because general health problems can make it especially important to avoid dentalproblems).

### What will my dentist or dental therapist do?

The dentist or dental therapist will:

- Clean the tooth thoroughly with a rotatingbrush or rubber polisher
- Dy the tooth and keep it dry by putting cottonwool round it and using suction
- Dab a mild acid on the tooth and leave it for a short time to make the tooth surface rough (this will not hurt atall)
- Wash and dry the tooth by blowing water and then air ontoit
- Change the cotton wool rolls around the toothto keep it dry
- Paint the plastic onto thefissures
- Harden the plastic by pointing a bright light at it (you will see the dentist and dental nurse protecting theireyes)
- Check that the tooth is comfortable to biteon
- Trim thesealant.

#### What are the benefits?

- Fissure sealants help to protect teeth from decay and make them easier to clean. However, they are not a substitute for brushing twicea day with fluoride toothpaste and visiting the dentistregularly.
- They can last for years. Or, if they fall out or wear out, they can usually be replaced if there is no decay underneath.

